

**Kansas Department of Health and Environment  
Kansas Administrative Regulation 28-1-2**

**28-1-2. Designation of infectious or contagious diseases.** (a) The following diseases shall be designated as infectious or contagious in their nature, and cases or suspect cases shall be reported within seven days, unless otherwise specified, in accordance with K.S.A. 65-118 and K.S.A. 65-128, and amendments thereto.

- (1) Amebiasis;
- (2) anthrax (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (3) arboviral disease, including West Nile virus, western equine encephalitis (WEE) and St. Louis encephalitis (SLE);
- (4) botulism (report within four hours to the secretary);
- (5) brucellosis;
- (6) campylobacter infections;
- (7) chancroid;
- (8) *Chlamydia trachomatis* genital infection;
- (9) cholera;
- (10) cryptosporidiosis;
- (11) cyclospora infection;
- (12) diphtheria;
- (13) ehrlichiosis;
- (14) *Escherichia coli* enteric infection from *E. coli* 0157:H7 and other shiga toxin-producing *E. coli*, also known as STEC;
- (15) giardiasis;
- (16) gonorrhea;
- (17) *Haemophilus influenzae*, invasive disease;
- (18) hemolytic uremic syndrome, postdiarrheal;
- (19) hepatitis B in pregnancy (report the pregnancy of each woman with hepatitis B);
- (20) hepatitis, viral;
- (21) hantavirus pulmonary syndrome;
- (22) influenza deaths in children under 18 years of age;

- (23) legionellosis;
- (24) leprosy or Hansen's disease;
- (25) listeriosis;
- (26) Lyme disease;
- (27) malaria;
- (28) measles or rubeola (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary)
- (29) meningitis, bacterial (indicate causative agent, if known, and report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (30) meningococemia (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (31) mumps (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (32) pertussis or whooping cough (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (33) plague or *Yersinia pestis* (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (34) poliomyelitis (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (35) psittacosis;
- (36) rabies, animal and human (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (37) Rocky Mountain spotted fever;
- (38) rubella, including congenital rubella syndrome (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (39) salmonellosis, including typhoid fever;
- (40) severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (41) shigellosis;
- (42) streptococcal invasive, drug-resistant disease from group A *Streptococcus* or *Streptococcus pneumoniae*;
- (43) syphilis, including congenital syphilis;
- (44) tetanus;
- (45) toxic-shock syndrome, streptococcal and staphylococcal;

- (46) any transmissible spongiform encephalopathy (TSE) or prion disease (indicate causative agent, if known);
- (47) trichinosis;
- (48) tuberculosis, active and latent (report active disease by telephone within four hours to the secretary);
- (49) tularemia;
- (50) varicella or chickenpox;
- (51) yellow fever; and
- (52) any exotic or newly recognized disease, and any disease unusual in incidence or behavior, known or suspected to be infectious or contagious and constituting a risk to the public health (report by telephone within four hours to the secretary).

(b) The occurrence of a single case of any unusual disease or manifestation of illness that the health care provider determines or suspects could be caused by or related to a bioterrorism act shall be reported within four hours by telephone to the secretary. The term “bioterrorism act,” as used in this article, shall mean a dispersion of biological or chemical agents with the intention to harm. Each bioterrorism act shall be reported within four hours by telephone to the secretary. The following shall be considered bioterrorism agents when identified in the course of a possible bioterrorism act:

- (1) Anthrax;
- (2) plague;
- (3) smallpox;
- (4) tularemia;
- (5) botulism;
- (6) viral hemorrhagic fever;
- (7) Q fever or *Coxiella burnetii*;
- (8) brucellosis; and
- (9) any other infectious or toxic agent that can be intentionally dispersed in the environment.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 65-101 and 65-128; implementing K.S.A. 65-118 and 65-128; effective May 1, 1982; amended May 1, 1986; amended Dec. 24, 1990; amended April

19, 1993; amended Jan. 12, 1996; amended Dec. 1, 1997; amended Feb. 18, 2000;  
amended, T-28-11-20-03, Nov. 20, 2003; amended March 5, 2004; amended April 28,  
2006.)